H.013284 MRB South GBR: LA 1 to LA 30 Connector



March 25, 2024
Project History

Presented to CARB-D



ATLAS

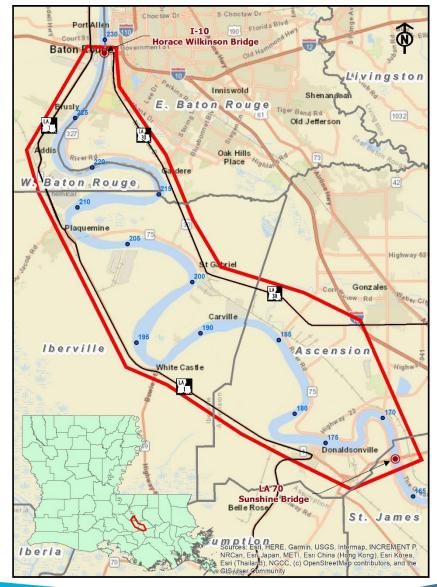
Project Overview

- ➤ Ultimate <u>objective</u> is to construct a new crossing of the Mississippi River in the Greater Baton Rouge Area
- ➤ Part I: Enhanced Planning Study (July 2020 – Fall 2022)
- ➤ Part II: Environmental Evaluation (Winter 2022 Spring 2025)





Study Area





Purpose and Need

What is the problem? (Need)

- Congested traffic conditions
- Limited connectivity between road systems along the east and west banks of the Mississippi River
- Lack of alternate routes across the Mississippi River

How can we fix the problem? (Purpose)

- Increase capacity & connectivity across the Mississippi River
- Provide an alternate route for incident management and emergency evacuations.





Project Team

(Part I – Enhanced Planning)

- > Prime Consultant:
 - Atlas Technical Consultants, LLC
- > Subconsultants:
 - CDM Smith, Inc.
 Travel Demand Model & Toll Analysis
 - Neel-Schaffer, Inc.
 Mesoscopic Model & Traffic Analysis
 - INRO Consultants, Inc.
 Mesoscopic Model Support
 - Franklin Associates, LLC
 Public Involvement

- FIGG Bridge Engineering, Inc.
 Bridge Technical Concepts
- Shread-Kuyrkendall & Assoc., Inc.
 Roadway Technical Concepts
 - GIS Engineering, LLC
 Navigational Considerations
- Providence Engineering & Environmental Group LLC Environmental Inventory





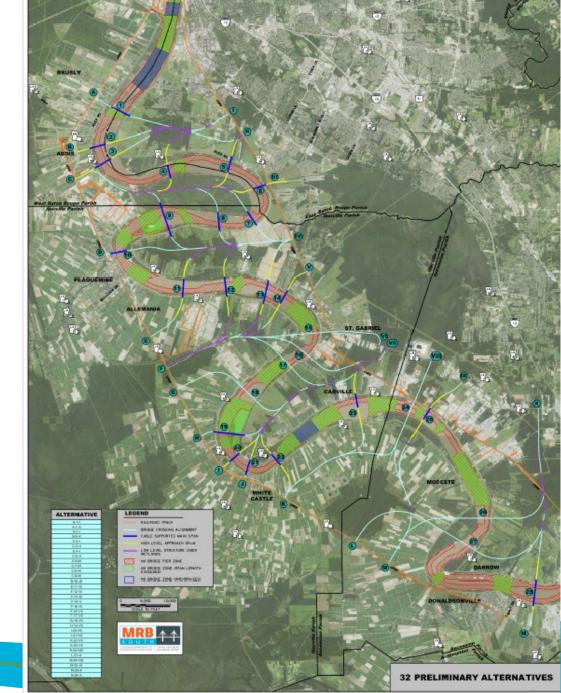
Overview of Part I – Enhanced Planning Study

- Navigation Study
- Stakeholder Engagement and Public Outreach
- ➤ Traffic & Toll Travel Demand Model, Mesoscopic Model, Level 1 Toll Analysis
- Identification of Environmental and other constraints
- ➤ Tiered approach to pare down 32 preliminary alternatives down to 3 that will proceed forward into the NEPA phase





Initial Analysis:
32 Preliminary
Alternatives with
28 River
Crossings







Round 2

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF

PRELIMINARY ALTERNATIVES SCREENING

	APPROX. LENGTH IN MILES	NUMBER OF VEHICLES PER DAY ON TOLLED BRIDGE IN 2042 (ADT)	CHANGE IN AREA-WIDE TOTAL VEHICLE HOURS IN 2042 (VHT)		CHANGE IN I-10 TOTAL VEHICLE HOURS IN 2042 (LA 415 to I- 10/12) (VHT)		PROPERTY IMPACTS ¹					ACTS	ı			PRELIMINARY	ENVIRONMENTAL 6.7,8		
ALTERNATIVES							Acres	Structures				PIPELINES/ POWER LINES	Constitue	PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED COST TO CONSTRUCT ⁴ (millions)	ESTIMATED 50- YEAR TOLL NET PRESENT VALUE ⁵	LDEQ PERMITTED FACILITIES	ESSENTIAL FISH HABITAT PRESENT	WETLANDS (acres)	
			AM	PM	AM	PM		R	В	P	1	0	(linear feet)			(millions)	FACILITIES	(acres)	
C-5-II	8.0	20,500	-1.36%	-2.7%	1.0%	-8.0%	М	0	1	0	1	0	L	MODERATE	\$ 1,596	\$206	1	0	н
C-6-III	7.8	23,100	-1.51%	-2.4%	-6.1%	-12.9%	м	О	1	0	1	0	L	MODERATE	\$ 1,577	\$233	1	0	н
★ _{E-11-IV}	7.7	24,600	-0.08%	-1.1%	2.7%	2.6%	L	14	3	0	0	10	L	MINOR	\$ 1,300	\$262	0	0	L
F-12-IV	8.3	23,400	-0.23%	-1.6%	2.6%	8.1%	н	12	3	0	4	9	н	MODERATE	\$ 1,554	\$251	1	0	н
★ F-13-IV	7.6	25,100	0.19%	-2.0%	2.9%	4.1%	L	14	3	0	5	10	м	MAJOR	\$ 1,430	\$269	1	0	м
★ F-14-V	6.9	23,300	-0.16%	-1.4%	-1.5%	3.9%	L	7	0	0	6	5	н	MAJOR	\$ 1,409	\$250	2	0	м
H-19-VII	8.5	22,200	0.35%	0.7%	2.0%	17.2%	н	0	0	0	0	3	н	MODERATE	\$ 1,940	\$240	0	0	м
K-22-VII	9.1	21,600	0.83%	1.7%	7.3%	13.3%	н	2	0	0	0	1	м	MINOR	\$ 1,399	\$246	0	0	М
K-23-VII	8.2	23,200	0.34%	1.7%	3.4%	21.2%	м	0	0	0	0	5	м	MODERATE	\$ 1,364	\$263	0	0	L
M-25-IX	8.1	24,500	4.18%	2.2%	3.7%	10.5%	М	5	0	0	0	2	М	MODERATE	\$ 1,293	\$281	1	30	L

TABLE NOTES:

ADT - Average Daily Traffic, VHT - Vehicle Hours traveled, H - High, M-Moderate, L - Low, R-Residential, B-Business, P-Public, I-Industrial, O-Other, NPV - Net Present Value, LDEQ - Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality, Green represents the highest benefit, Yellow is of moderate benefit, Red is the least benefit or most problematic.

2042 Travel Demand ADT: (with toll):

L= < 22,425 L = < \$242

NPV (in millions):

Wetlands (acres):

Travel time change/VHT AM: Travel time change/VHT PM:

I-10 travel time change/VHT AM:

I-10 travel time change/VHT PM:

M = 22,426 to 24,224

M = 581 to 617

H =>618

M = \$243 to \$262

L = 0.35% to 4.18% M = -0.2% to 0.34% L = 1.5% to 2.2% M = -1.8% to 1.4% L = 3.3% to 7.3% M = 1.4% to 3.2% L= 12.6% to 21.2% M = 3.0% to 12.5%

H= > 24.225

H=>\$263

H = -1.51% to 0.21%

H = -2.7% to -1.9%

H = -6.1% to 1.3%

H = -12.9% to 2.9%

Other Values:

Acres: Pipeline/Power Lines (ft): L = <580 L = <3.256

L = <194 M = 3,257 to 10,374 M = 195 to 345 H=>10.375 H=>346

L = <\$1.359

H=>\$1.555

M = \$1,360 to \$1,554

Preliminary Estimated Cost to Construct (in millions):

FOOTNOTES:

Acres are for mainline and interchange areas combined using a 300-foot buffer outside a 300-foot footprint for approximately 600 feet of ROW. This overall area also applies to pipeline/power line and wetland totals. Number of structures is shown. ²Constructability Issues are minor, moderate, or major (relative to the alternatives listed) and consider the number of piers in the water, complexity of span arrangements, temporary access required, and exposure of temporary access to navigation traffic. ¹Impacts to Navigation were addressed in Table 4-1, ten alternatives presented with high impacts to navigation and were removed from Round 2 Screening.

Preliminary construction cost reflects the estimated cost to construct the bridge and roadway, estimated cost to acquire ROW acreage and structures, including the buffered areas, and estimated wetland mitigation cost, also including the buffered areas.

The cost is based on 2022 dollars with a 2% inflation rate through 2030, representing either the construction midpoint date under a public private partnership/design build or a design-bid-build letting date. Cost does not reflect engineering design, operation and maintenance costs, financing cost, construction project management, noise mitigation, structure relocation, or utility relocation.

^{\$}Net Present Value represents the value of the entire toll revenue stream over a 50-year period in current dollars.

ROW for Alternatives C-5 and 6 affect a pipe rack and infringe on Dow Chemical property. ROW for Alternatives F-12, 13, and 14 may affect Shintech's entry, substation, and pipe rack between two of their facilities. ROW for Alternative F-14 may affect a tank farm at Willow Glen on the east bank. M-25-IX is a property only impact to Rubicon.

All alternatives involve a bridge over the Mississippi River, which supports the endangered pallid sturgeon.

Environmental Justice (EJ) screening for all alternatives did not result in observation of impacts to EJ communities.

Public Involvement

Public Meetings

Monday, April 25, 2022 | 5-7pm

East Baton Rouge Parish Bluebonnet Regional Branch Library 9200 Bluebonnet Blvd., Baton Rouge

Attendance: 341

Wednesday, April 27, 2022 | 5-7pm

West Baton Rouge Parish Addis Community Center 7250 LA-1, Addis

Attendance: 136

Monday, May 2, 2022 | 5-7pm

Ascension Parish, East Bank Lamar Dixon Expo Center Banquet Hall 9039 S. St. Landry Ave., Gonzales

Attendance: 67

Tuesday, April 26, 2022 | 5-7pm

Iberville Parish, East Bank St. Gabriel Community Center 11400 Gordon Simon Leblanc Dr., St. Gabriel

Attendance: 258

Thursday, April 28, 2022 | 5-7pm

Ascension Parish, West Bank Donaldsonville High School Gym 100 Tiger Dr., Donaldsonville

Attendance: 43

Tuesday, May 3, 2022 | 5-7pm

Iberville Parish, West Bank Carl F. Grant Civic Center 24700 J Gerald Berret Blvd., Plaquemine

Attendance: 353

6 Open House Meetings

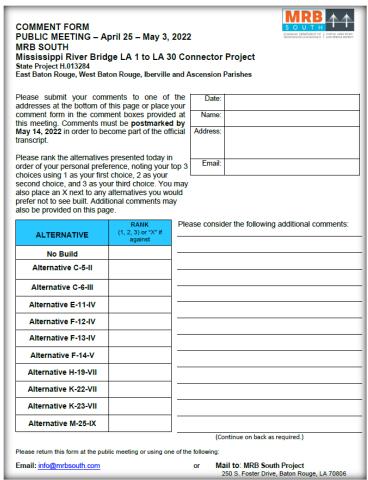
TOTAL ATTENDANCE = 1,198



Public Involvement

- Public Input (April 25 May 14, 2022)
 - 257 Comment Forms
 - 69 Emails
 - 30 Voice Messages
 - 1,876 Online Surveys (Maptionnaire)

TOTAL COMMENTS
RECEIVED = 2,232







Public Involvement

MRB Spring 2022 Public Input: Alternatives Preferences







Round 2 Screening

ALTERNATIVES	NUMBER OF VEHICLES PER DAY ON TOLLED BRIDGE IN 2042 (ADT)	CHANGE IN AREA- WIDE TOTAL VEHICLE HOURS IN 2042 (VHT) AM & PM	BRIDGE/ CONSTRUCT- ABILITY ISSUES ¹	BRIDGE/ NAVIGATION ISSUES ²	PIPELINES/ POWER LINES (linear feet)	WETLANDS (acres)	PUBLIC/STAKEHOLDER OUTREACH	WEIGHTED AVERAGE (LOWER SCORES ARE BETTER)
Weight Factor Contribution	13%	20%	7%	7%	7%	13%	33%	
C-5-II								0.00
C-6-III								0.00
E-11-IV								0.00
F-12-IV	2	0/					220/	0.00
F-13-IV	3,	3%					33%	0.00
F-14-V					- 40/			0.00
H-19-VII					34%			0.00
K-22-VII					. , ,			0.00
K-23-VII								0.00
M-25-IX								0.00

3 Sets of Data Used for Screening:

- VHT and ADT (to address Purpose and Need)
- Environmental (to address Permitting Issues)
- Public Involvement





Round 2 Screening Results

	TRAFF	ic		ENVIRONMENT <i>i</i>	AL & PERMITTING	PUBLIC COMMENT			
PRELIMINARY ALTERNATIVES	NUMBER OF VEHICLES PER DAY ON TOLLED BRIDGE IN 2042 (ADT)	CHANGE IN AREA-WIDE TOTAL VEHICLE HOURS IN 2042 (VHT) AM & PM	BRIDGE/ CONSTRUCT- ABILITY ISSUES ¹	BRIDGE/ NAVIGATION ISSUES ²	PIPELINES/ POWER LINES (linear feet) ³	WETLANDS (acres) ³	PUBLIC/STAKEHOLDER OUTREACH ⁴	WEIGHTED AVERAGE (LOWER SCORES ARE BETTER)	
Weight Factor Contribution	13%	20%	7%	7%	7%	13%	33%		
C-5-II	2	1	2	1	1	3	3	2.29	
C-6-III	1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1.86	
E-11-IV	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1.29	
F-12-IV	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2.07	
F-13-IV	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	1.71	
F-14-V	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	1.71	
H-19-VII	2	3	2	1	3	2	1	2.00	
K-22-VII	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	2.50	
K-23-VII	1	3	2	1	1	1	3	2.29	
M-25-IX	1	3	2	1	1	1	3	2.29	





3 Preliminary Alternatives



Project Team (Part II – Environmental Evaluation)

- Prime Consultant:
 - Atlas Technical Consultants, LLC
- > Subconsultants:
 - CDM Smith
 Toll Analysis
 - Neel-Schaffer
 Traffic Analysis
 - Franklin Assoc.
 Public Involvement
 - GSRC &
 RECON Offshore
 Cultural Resources

- FIGG Bridge Engineering
 Bridge Technical Concepts
- ProvidenceEnvironmental Inventory
- Shread-Kuyrkendall
 Roadway Technical Concepts
- Armeni (KCl Technologies)
 Cost Estimating

- GIS Engineering
 Bathymetric Survey
- ArdamanGeotech
- GOTECHTopographic Survey
- Quality Eng.& SurveyingSUE Survey





Scope for Part II (Environmental)

- Pre-NEPA Tasks:
 - Surveys
 - LiDAR, Topo, SUE,
 Bathymetric
 - Geotech *
 - Line & Grade*
 - Conceptual Bridge
 Design*
 - − H&H **

- > NEPA Tasks:
 - Public & Agency Outreach
 - Document Preparation (EA/EIS)
 - Cost Estimates
 - Field Surveys
 - Wetlands/T&E
 - Cultural Resources
 - Air, Noise, CSRP,
 Phase I ESA
- Traffic Refinement Data Collection
- Intermediate Toll Study *

 *The timeline for Traffic and Toll Analyses will span

 from pre-NEPA through completion of NEPA



What is NEPA?

- ➤ The National Environmental Policy Act (1969) requires federal agencies to factor environmental considerations into their decision making.
- NEPA includes full range of activities to evaluate the environmental impacts of a proposed action.
- NEPA requires environmentally <u>informed</u> decisions.
- ➤ NEPA is a procedural statute and does not dictate a decision or require elevation of environmental concerns over other pertinent considerations.





NEPA & Transportation Decision Making

Project Development DOTD is responsible for the identification and development of projects



Assessment of Impacts

DOTD evaluates the impact of the project on the environment

NEPA Document **DOTD** prepares Document

As Lead Federal Agency, FHWA reviews/approves Document





Why is this Important?

What are the Benefits of a New Bridge Crossing?





Questions to Consider

- ➤ How many vehicles per day cross the Mississippi River on I-10?
- ➤ Of those vehicles, what percentage do not stop within the MPO? Take I-12? Take I-10?
- What percentage of those vehicles are Trucks?

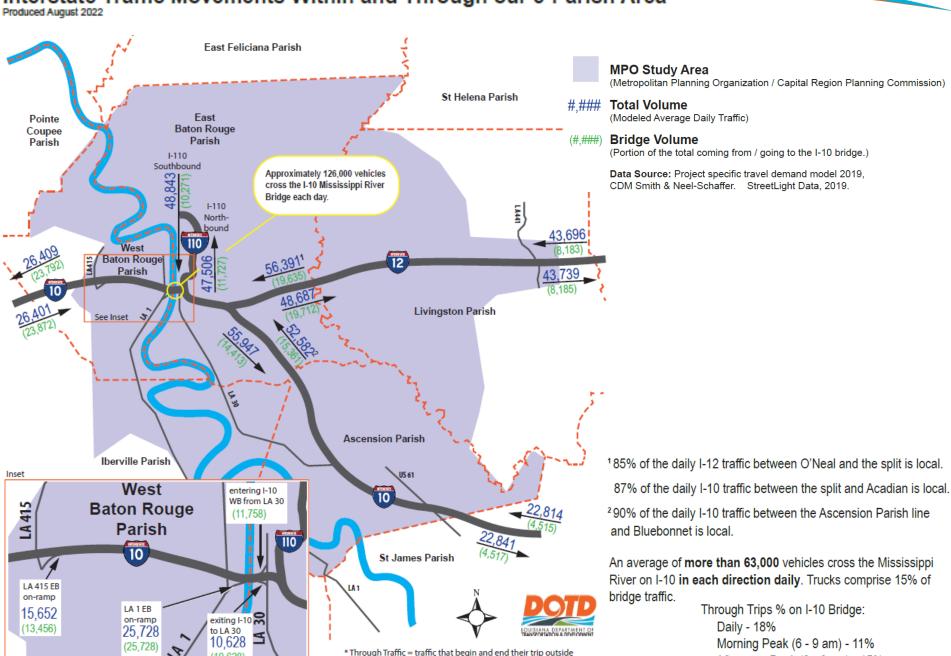




Our Interstates Primarily Serve Local Traffic

Interstate Traffic Movements Within and Through our 5-Parish Area

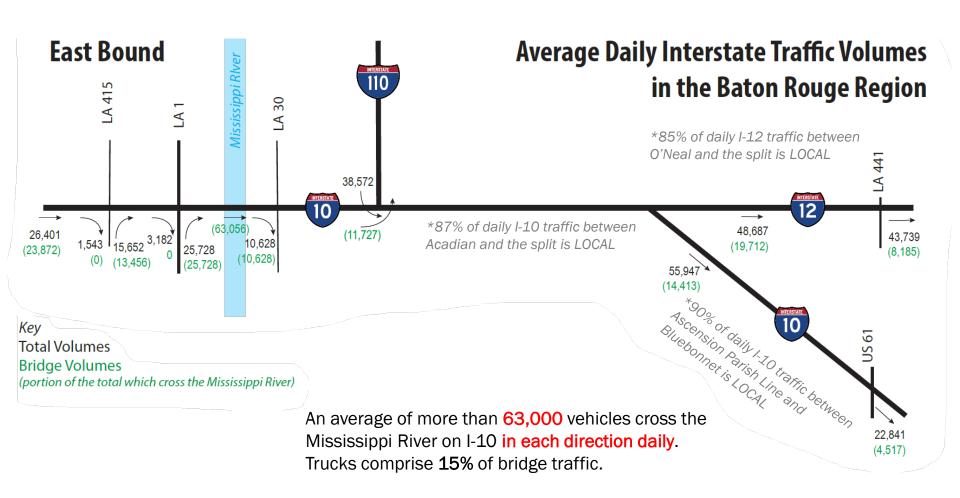
(10.628)



of the MPO area without a stop inside the MPO area.

Afternoon Peak (3 - 6 pm) - 15%

EAST BOUND TRAFFIC



* Percentages shown are for both EB and WB

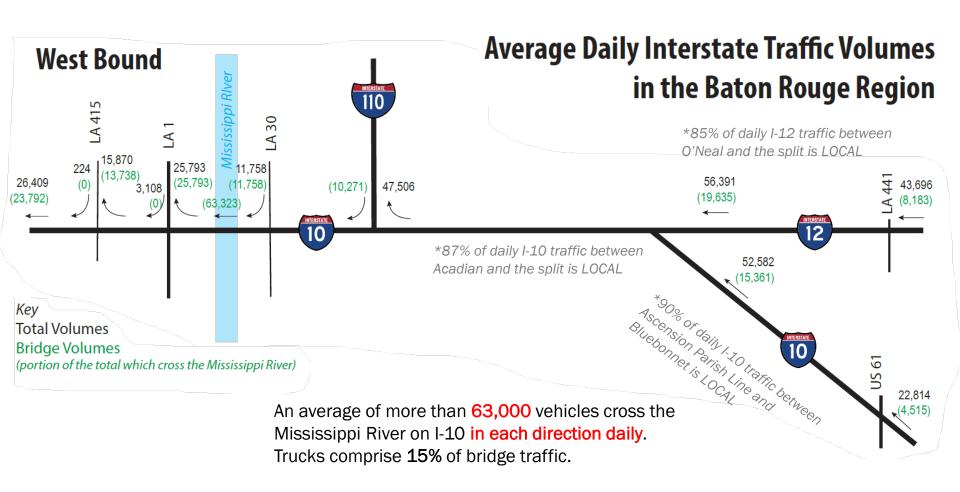


Through Trips % on I-10 Bridge:

- Daily 18%
- Morning Peak (6 9 am) 11%
- Afternoon Peak (3 6 pm) 15%



WEST BOUND TRAFFIC



* Percentages shown are for both EB and WB

Through Trips % on I-10 Bridge:

- Daily 18%
- Morning Peak (6 9 am) 11%
- Afternoon Peak (3 6 pm) 15%





Lessons Learned

- Approximately 80% of Greater Baton Rouge Traffic is made up of local drivers
- Local Drivers Use I-10 like a Surface Street
- Truck Traffic comprises only about 15% of daily traffic on the I-10 Horace Wilkinson Bridge
- Out of 63,000+ vehicles crossing the I-10 MRB in the East Bound direction:
 - ~62% of the Volume comes from LA 1 and LA 415
 - 4,517 are I-10 Through Traffic (~7%)
 - 8,185 are I-12 Through Traffic (~13%)





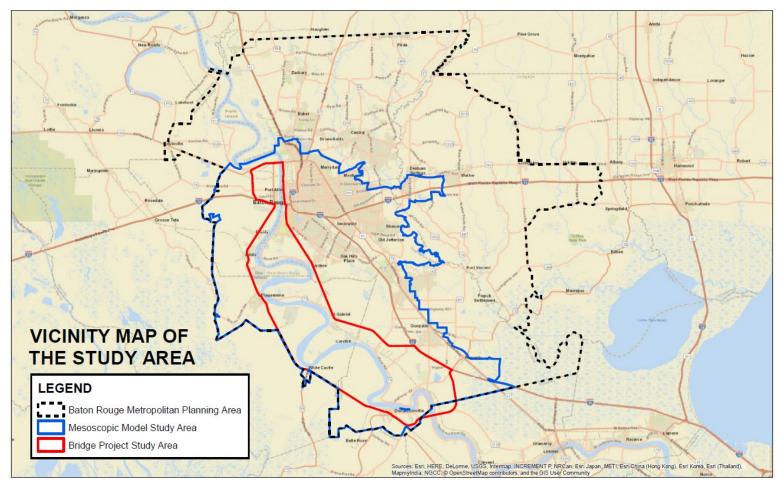
Benefits of a new River Crossing

- New Bridge Volume approximately 24,000 vehicles per day
- No substantial deviations in Through Traffic on I-10
- No major impacts through City of Plaquemine:
 - Reduction in North Bound LA 1 traffic due to diversion to New South Bridge crossing
 - Slight increase in South Bound traffic due to traffic heading towards New South Bridge crossing





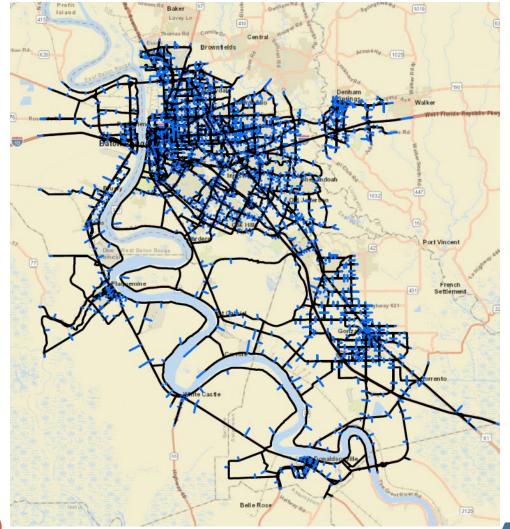
Mesoscopic Model Study Area







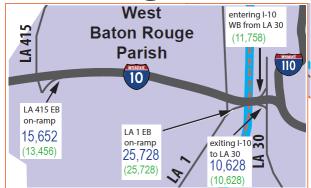
Mesoscopic Model Network Area





Benefits of a new River Crossing

- ➤ Greatest travel time benefit projected to be on LA 1 North Bound in the PM Peak Hour
 - Expected to reduce maximum queue length near
 I-10 East Bound Merge Ramp by 50%



Expected to save over 1 Million hours of travel time annually





Questions??

Kara Moree, CFM

Atlas
National Director – NEPA &
Environmental Compliance

Maria Bernard Reid

Atlas
NEPA Environmental Specialist



mrbsouth.com



